

 A lowly shepherd finds a ring which gives him the power of invisibility



Gyges' Ring

- Gyges uses the ring to seduce the Queen and usurp the Kingdom
- Grave-robbing
- Adultery
- Assassination



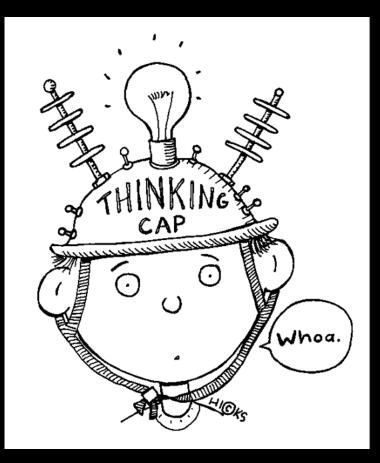




- Justice requires restraint, sacrifice of self-interest
- People only act justly because they fear punishment (personal, social, legal)
- Punishment depends on detection
- Gods can be bought off with sacrifice



The completely rational man will seek to be unjust where possible, just when necessary



- Injustice is <u>always</u> better...*if you can get away* with it!
- Justice is only instrumentally good in some cases
 - High chance of being caught
 - Severe consequences





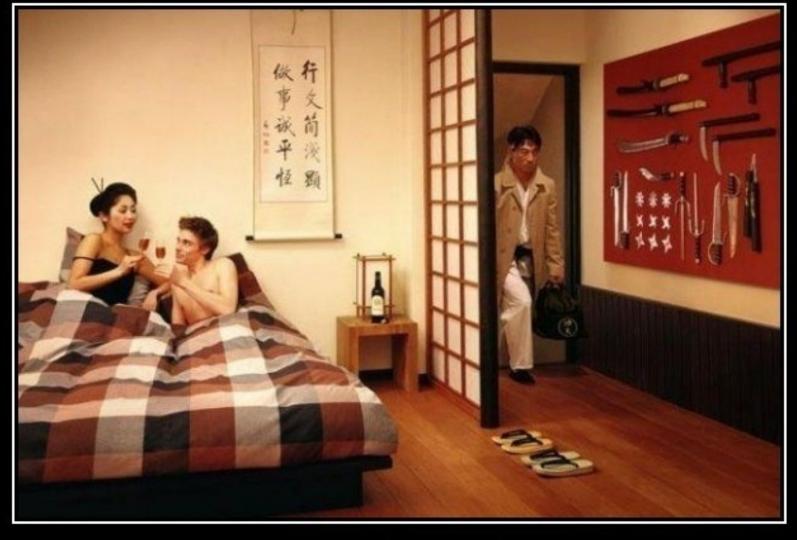




RepWeiner 27 mins 28 secs ago

Reply





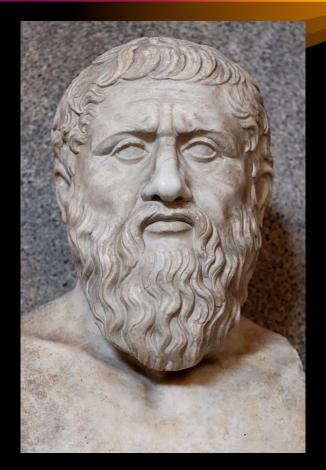
THIS WILL NOT END WELL





Glaucon's Challenge Plato's Response

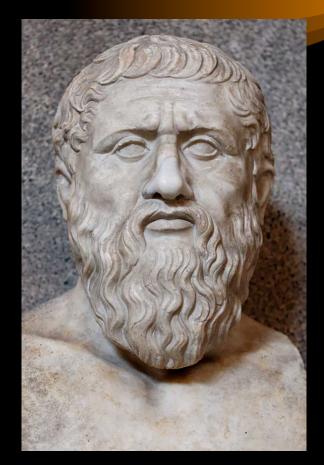
- Glaucon's Challenge: Prove justice is better than injustice
- Plato says injustice
 - subordinates reason to desire, dehumanizes
 - is the sign of an unbalanced or diseased mind



Glaucon's Challenge Plato's Response

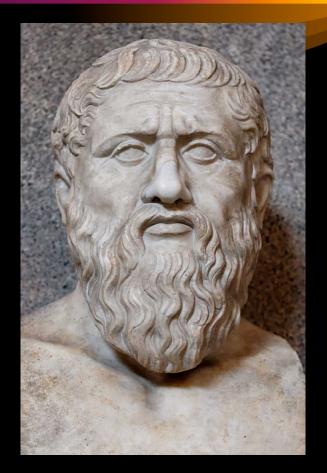
- Plato says injustice

 makes us a slave to our desires
 - robs us of freedom
- Free choices are made through rational deliberation, not compelled by desire



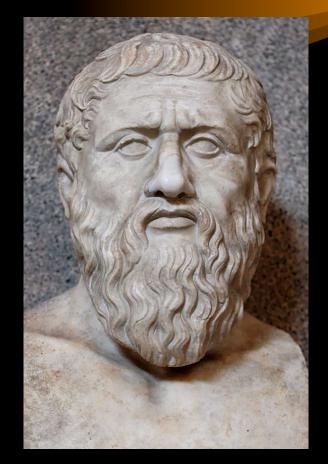
Critique of Plato's Response

- Man *is* an animal
 - Dualist assumptions
 - Denigration of the body and its desires
 - Philosophy as practice for death



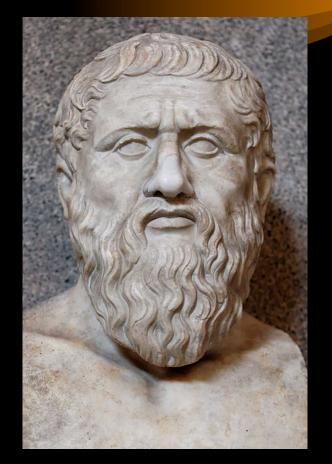
Critique of Plato's Response

- Disease account relies on primitive, prescientific model
- Anti-social behavior as "sick" = a hidden normative judgment, assumes "proper function" - naturalistic fallacy



Plato's Response Critique

- Reason itself
 - cannot motivate
 - chooses means, not ends
- Weakness of will is a conflict between two desires, not reason and desire

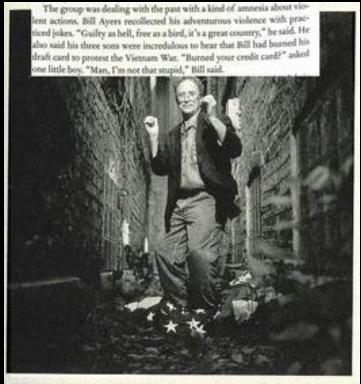


Weak Arguments



"The weed of crime bears bitter fruit...crime does not pay!" Most career criminals are not rational We only see the ones who get caught Mao, Stalin didn' t pay

Weak Arguments



Bill Ayers, August 2001, former Weatherman, stomps on U.S. flag. As a result of their friendship with Kathy Boudin and David Gilbert, Bill and Bernardine Dohrn raised Chesa Boudin.

- The assumption that immorality will *always* lead to worse consequences
 - Naïve
 - Mystical (e.g. a personification of justice as a force, like karma
 - Assumes a perfect Platonic world where justice is a law which cannot be violated without tragic effects



REVENGE A dish best served cold.

Is it worth taking a chance?



- Even petty crime has serious consequences
- Consistent bad behavior will ostracize you

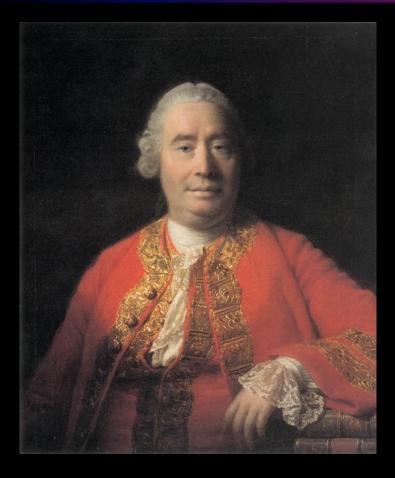
Large
consequences can
make even a small
risk not worthwhile

Practical considerations



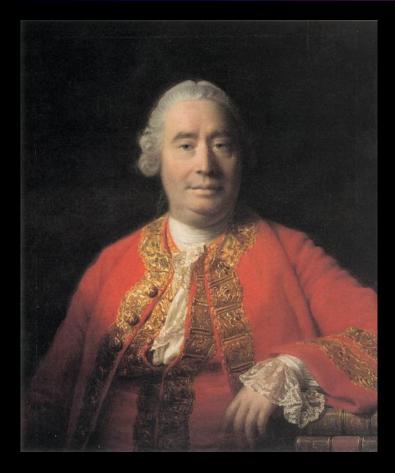
 Pragmatic considerations: injustice as impractical most of the time in modern American society Social and legal structures generally reward good behavior

"You can't derive an 'ought' from an 'is." – David Hume



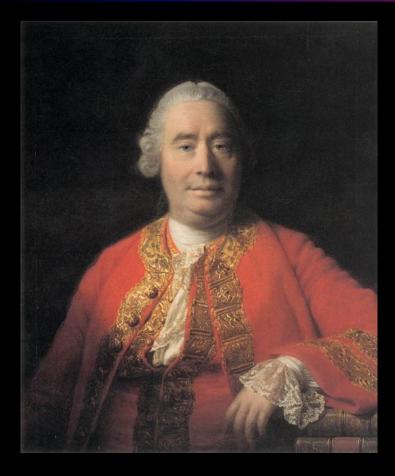
- You can't derive a statement of value from a statement of empirical fact
- Morality is based in feelings, not facts
- Moral statements are neither true nor false

Emotivism



- Sentiments of sympathy and benevolence
- I irrationally associate the sufferings of others with my own even when there is no direct causal connection

Emotivism



- Moral statements express subjective feelings of approval and disapproval
- Similar from person to person due to human nature
- Vary due to differences in experience

Neo-Humeanism based on evolution



- Evolutionary psychology
- Humans are social animals
- Morality based on blood and kinship, abstracted to "the human family"